APPLICATION NUMBER ,

08/986,327



UNITED STA' DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231

FIRST NAMED APPLICANT ATTY, DOCKET NO 06666/013001

MM42/0215

SVENSSON

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EXAMINER BERHANE A 2838

DATE MAILE 8:2/15/00

This is a communication from the examiner in charge of your application. COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

FILING DATE

12/05/97

	Supplemental OFFICE ACTION SUMMARY
Ø	Responsive to communication(s) filed on
	This action is FINAL.
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 D.C. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire	
Dis	position of Claims
P	Claim(s)is/are pending in the application.
	Of the above, claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.
	Claim(s)is/are allowed.
	Claim(s) /-80 is/are rejected.
\exists	Claim(s)is/are objected to. Claim(s)are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Δnr	lication Papers
	industrial apolo
	See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948. The drawing(s) filed onis/are objected to by the Examiner. The proposed drawing correction, filed onisapproved disapproved. The specification is objected to by the Examiner. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.
Pric	rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
	All Some* None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been
	received. received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number) received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
•	Certified copies not received:
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
	Notice of Reference Cited, PTO-892
	Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s).
	Interview Summary, PTO-413
	Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948
	Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152
	-SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The indicated allowability of claims 1-11 are withdrawn in view of the reference(s) to Masuda et al. Rejections based on the cited reference(s) follow.

2. The original patent, or an affidavit or declaration as to loss or inaccessibility of the original patent, must be received before this reissue application can be allowed. See 37 CFR 1.178.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-80 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's admitted prior art in view of Masuda et al.

Applicant's admitted prior art figure 2 discloses the claimed invention except for a charge storage element. Masuda et al. teaches the use of a charge storage element-1 in figure 1 as a voltage source to the circuit. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art the time of the invention to replace the voltage source of applicant's admitted prior art with the charge storage element of Masuda et al. in order to provide steady and cost effective power source.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 1/12/00 and 1/18/00 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Masuda et al. reference is being used to teach that a charge storage element as C1 in figure 1 can be used as a voltage source. Masuda et al. reference col. 2, lines 35-53 clearly states that the capacitor C1 in figure 1 is a power source capacitor having large electrostatic capacity C1 with respect to an electrostatic capacity C0 of the capacitive load. Applicant's specification col. 3, lines 46-55 also states that each capacitor CT has a capacitance which is much larger than the load capacitance CL. Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to replace the voltage source of Applicant's admitted prior art figure 2 with charge storage element in order to provide steady and cost effective power source.

In re Sheckler, 168 SUPQ 716 (CCPA 1971). While appellant urges that the rejection is sustainable only upon hindsight reconstruction of the prior, we are not at all convinced that that is so. Like the board, we are persuaded that the differences in material or form between the subject matter claimed and prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art. It is, of course, not necessary that either Barnes or Dryden actually suggest, expressly or in so many words, the changes or possible improvements applellant has made. In re Rosselet, 52 CCPA 1533, 347 F.2d 847, 146 USPQ 183 (1965); In re Rauen, 53 CCPA 937, 356 F.2d 125, 148 USPQ 554 (1966). All that is required to show obviouness is that the applicant "make his claimed invention merely by

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applying knowledge clearly present in the prior art. Section 103 requires us to presume full knowledge by inventor of the prior art in the field of his endeavor." <u>In re Winslow</u>, 53 CCPA 1574, 1578, 365 F.2d 1017, 1020, 151 USPQ 48, 50-51 (1966). Under that test, appllant fails. No commercial success is claimed, nor is any other factor indicating non-obviouness shown to exist.

In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971) The test for combining references is not what the individual references themseleves suggest but rather what the combination of the disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to the Examiner at the below-listed number on Tues-Fri, 0630 to 1700, EST.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Peter S. Wong, can be reached on 703 305 3477. The fax numbers for this Technology Center 2800 are 703 305 3432 and 703 308 7722.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 1782, Mon-Fri, 0830 to 1700, EST.

By:

ADOLF BERHANE

Primary Examiner

703 308 3299 (Voice)

703 305 7723 (Fax)